

**BILL JORGENSEN MEMORIAL
EDUCATION FUND CONTEST
2012 TEST**

Please fill out the following test and return it to AHJA, 15560 N Frank Lloyd Wright Blvd, #B4-205, Scottsdale, AZ 85260. Deadline for entry: tests must be RECEIVED by March 1, 2012. You must be an AHJA member to be eligible to participate in the contest.

Name _____ AHJA # _____

Please circle:

Junior

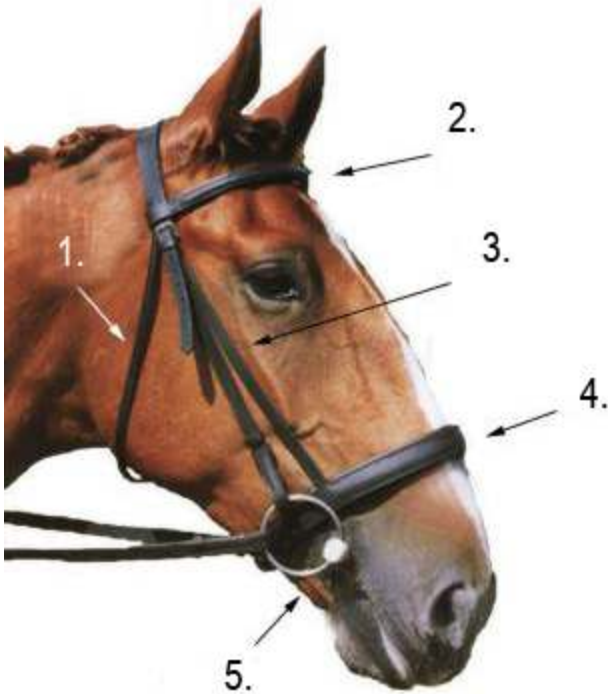
Amateur

1. Small extra premolars located right in front of the first premolars are known as _____
2. What is it called when a horse's hind legs angle in under the body, predisposing it to hock joint effusion, thoroughpin and curbs? _____
3. When bandaging a horse's legs, the left legs should be bandaged in which direction? _____
4. A benign, external, localized tumor that is unique to equine skin is called a _____
5. The action of twitching a horse releases _____ from the central nervous system which help to sedate and relax the horse.
6. What is the name of the stable vice whereby the horse grabs onto the edge of a stall, fence, or other hard object with his teeth, arches or contracts his neck, and pulls back, sometimes accompanied by a grunt? _____
7. How many inches are in a hand? _____
8. An inflammation of the hoof laminae which frequently leads to founder is _____
9. A horse that shows an uncontrolled and spastic gait, especially in the hind end, is called a _____
10. The front of the saddle is called the _____
11. Most horses drink at least _____ gallons of water per day.
12. What is the name of a bug that can be found in alfalfa grown in the south, west, and southwest that is highly irritating and can cause death? _____
13. A position fault where the rider drops the head down below the horse's crest while the horse is in the air is called _____
- 14-15. Name two natural aids _____
- 16-17. Name two artificial aids _____
18. Separation of the white line of the hoof is called _____
19. With a Pelham bit which uses two reins, the bottom rein is called the _____ rein.
20. The type of boot used on a horse's front feet to protect from overreach is called _____

21-24. Four common types of snaffle bit cheeks are

25. A special kind of girth used in the jumper ring to protect the horse from abrading himself with his caulks or studs is called a _____

26-30. Please identify the following parts of the bridle.



#1 _____

#2 _____

#3 _____

#4 _____

#5 _____

31. Competitors are prohibited from carrying a whip that is longer than how many inches when jumping or schooling over fences at a USEF recognized competition? _____

32. The back of the saddle is called the _____

33. Stirrup irons should be how many inches wider than the ball of your foot? _____

34. The piece of leather that protects the saddle flap from being rubbed by the girth buckles is called _____

35. A spread jump where the front and back elements are angled in two different directions so the center of the obstacle is the lowest is called a _____

36. A curved path between two obstacles is referred to as a _____

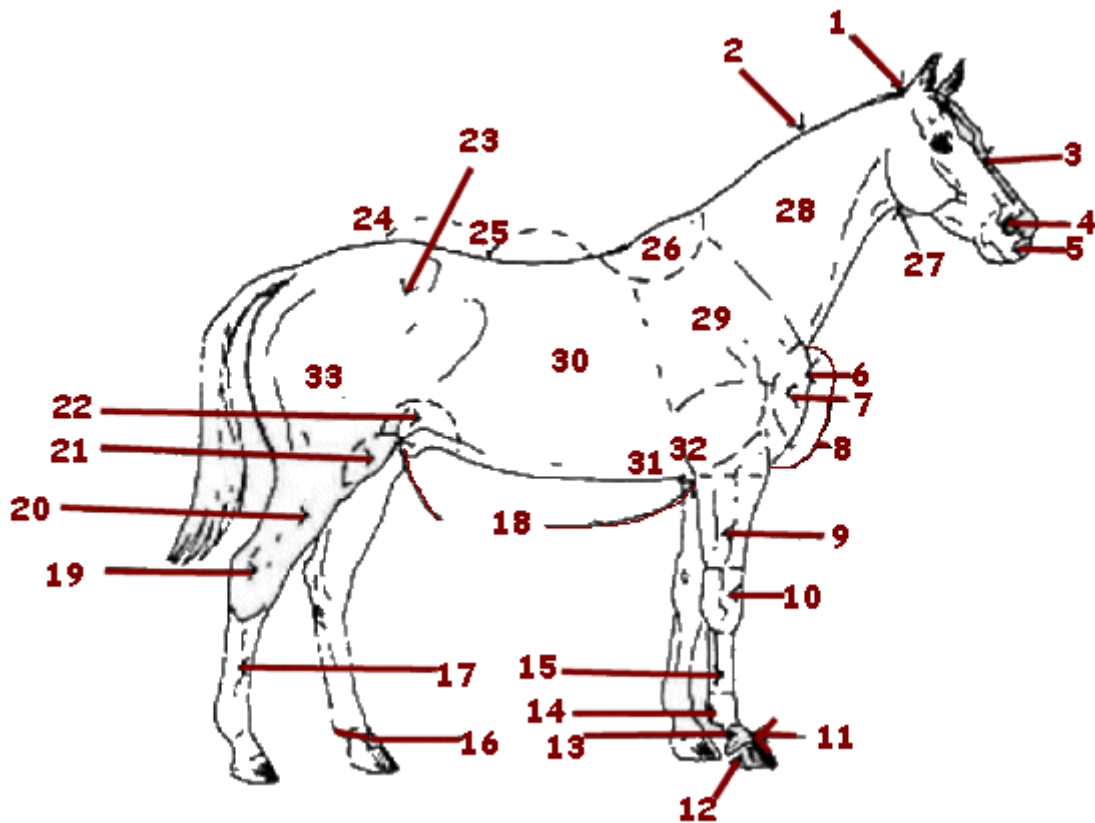
37. The natural arc of a horse's jump is referred to as the _____

38. A lateral movement where the horse pivots around its front legs, performed at the halt or the walk, is called a -----

39. The term used when the horse canters on his unnatural lead for his direction of travel is the

40. What is the name of the rein aid where the rider firmly fixes the inside hand on the horse's neck or withers and strongly pulls up and back with the outside hand? _____

41-50. Please identify the following body parts of the horse. Answer only the numbers asked for below.



1 _____

2 _____

#26 _____

#24 _____

#19 _____

#21 _____

#11 _____

#13 _____

#14 _____

#15 _____

Essay Question. In the event of a tie, the essay question will be used as a tie-breaker.

Please explain why you feel that horsemanship is an important aspect of our sport.